SEC. 204. GIFT ACCEPTANCE AUTHORITY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 161g. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2201(g)) is amended-
 - (1) by inserting "(1)" after "(g)":
- (2) by striking "this Act;" and inserting "this Act; or"; and
 - (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(2) accept, hold, utilize, and administer gifts of real and personal property (not including money) for the purpose of aiding or facilitating the work of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.".
- (b) CRITERIA FOR ACCEPTANCE OF GIFTS.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 14 of title I of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2201 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 170C. CRITERIA FOR ACCEPTANCE OF GIFTS.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall establish written criteria for determining whether to accept gifts under section 161g.(2).
- (b) Considerations.—The criteria under subsection (a) shall take into consideration whether the acceptance of the gift would compromise the integrity of, or the appearance of the integrity of, the Commission or any officer or employee of the Commission.".
- (2) Conforming and technical amend-MENTS.—The table of contents of chapter 14 of title I of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. prec. 2011) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "Sec. 170C. Criteria. for acceptance gifts.".

SEC. 205. CARRYING OF FIREARMS BY LICENSEE EMPLOYEES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 14 of title I of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2201 et seq.) (as amended by section 204(b)) is amended-
- (1) in section 161, by striking subsection k. and inserting the following:
- "(k) authorize to carry a firearm in the performance of official duties such of its members, officers, and employees, such of the employees of its contractors and subcontractors (at any tier) engaged in the protection of property under the jurisdiction of the United States located at facilities owned by or contracted to the United States or being transported to or from such facilities. and such of the employees of persons licensed or certified by the Commission (including employees of contractors of licensees or certificate holders) engaged in the protection of facilities owned or operated by a Commission licensee or certificate holder that are designated by the Commission or in the protection of property of significance to the common defense and security located at facilities owned or operated by a Commission licensee or certificate holder or being transported to or from such facilities, as the Commission considers necessary in the interest of the common defense and security:"
- (2) by adding at the end the following: "SEC. 170D. CARRYING OF FIREARMS.
- "(a) AUTHORITY TO MAKE ARREST.
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—A person authorized under section 161k. to carry a firearm may, while in the performance of, and in connection with, official duties, arrest an individual without a warrant for any offense against the United States committed in the presence of the person or for any felony under the laws of the United States if the person has a reasonable ground to believe that the individual has committed or is committing such a felony.
- "(2) LIMITATION.—An employee of a contractor or subcontractor or of a Commission licensee or certificate holder (or a contractor of a licensee or certificate holder) authorized

- to make an arrest under paragraph (1) may make an arrest only-
- "(A) when the individual is within, or is in flight directly from, the area in which the offense was committed; and
 - "(B) in the enforcement of-
- "(i) a law regarding the property of the United States in the custody of the Department of Energy, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, or a contractor of the Department of Energy or Nuclear Regulatory Commission or a licensee or certificate holder of the Commission;
- "(ii) a law applicable to facilities owned or operated by a Commission licensee or certificate holder that are designated by the Commission under section 161k.;
- '(iii) a law applicable to property of significance to the common defense and security that is in the custody of a licensee or certificate holder or a contractor of a licensee or certificate holder of the Commission: or
- "(iv) any provision of this Act that subjects an offender to a fine, imprisonment, or both.
- "(3) OTHER AUTHORITY.—The arrest authority conferred by this section is in addition to any arrest authority under other law.
- "(4) GUIDELINES.—The Secretary and the Commission, with the approval of the Attorney General, shall issue guidelines to implement section 161k. and this subsection.'
- (b) CONFORMING AND TECHNICAL AMEND-MENTS.—The table of contents of chapter 14 of title I of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. prec. 2011) (as amended by section 204(b)(2)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "Sec. 170D. Carrying of firearms.".

SEC. 206. UNAUTHORIZED INTRODUCTION OF DANGEROUS WEAPONS.

Section 229a. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2278a(a)) is amended in the first sentence by inserting "or subject to the licensing authority of the Commission or to certification by the Commission under this Act or any other Act" before the period at the end.

SEC. 207. SABOTAGE OF NUCLEAR FACILITIES OR FUEL.

Section 236a. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2284(a)) is amended-

- (1) in paragraph (2), by striking "storage facility" and inserting "storage, treatment, or disposal facility";
- (2) in paragraph (3)-
- (A) by striking "such a utilization facility" and inserting "a utilization facility licensed under this Act"; and
 (B) by striking "or" at the end;
- (3) in paragraph (4)—
- (A) by striking "facility licensed" and inserting "or nuclear fuel fabrication facility licensed or certified"; and
- (B) by striking the period at the end and inserting "; or"; and
- (4) by adding at the end the following:
- (5) any production, utilization, waste storage, waste treatment, waste disposal. uranium enrichment, or nuclear fuel fabrication facility subject to licensing or certification under this Act during construction of the facility, if the person knows or reasonably should know that there is a significant possibility that the destruction or damage caused or attempted to be caused could adversely affect public health and safety during the operation of the facility.'

ORDERS FOR WEDNESDAY, APRIL 26, 2000

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that when the Senate completes its business today, it adjourn until the hour of 10 a.m. on Wednesday, April 26. I further ask unanimous consent that on Wednesday, immediately following the prayer, the Journal of proceedings be approved to date, the morning hour be deemed expired, and the time for the two leaders be reserved for their use later in the dav.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

PROGRAM

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, tomorrow morning when the Senate convenes, it is expected that the veto message on the nuclear waste bill will arrive. Under the rule, when the Senate receives the veto message, the Senate will immediately begin debate on overriding the President's veto. It is hoped that an agreement can be made with regard to debate time on this important legislation.

The cloture motion on the substitute amendment to the marriage penalty tax bill is still pending. That vote will occur immediately following the adoption of the motion to proceed to the victims' rights resolution. Therefore, a few votes could occur tomorrow afternoon or evening.

ORDER FOR ADJOURNMENT

Mr. THOMPSON. If there is no further business to come before the Senate. I now ask that the Senate stand in adjournment under the previous order following the remarks of Senator Dor-

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The Senator from North Dakota is recognized.

ARMS CONTROL

Mr. DORGAN. Today, in the Washington Post, there was a story headlined "U.S. Arms Policy is Criticized at the United Nations." The occasion of the criticism comes at the beginning of the conference to review the status of the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty which opened yesterday at the United Nations in New York. This conference occurs once every 5 years. It is a conference on the status of the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty. I would like to read the first paragraph of the story in the Washington Post because it is really quite a sad day when our country is described in the following way:

After years of championing international attempts to halt the spread of nuclear weapons, the United States found itself on the defensive today as a broad alliance of arms control advocates, senior United Nations officials, and diplomats from nonnuclear countries charged that Washington is blocking progress toward disarmament.

Well, that is not something any of us aspires to hear. I hope and I believe that many of my colleagues want the United States to be seen as a leader in trying to stop the spread of nuclear